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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/704,068	11/01/2000	Francis Robert Burianek	06576.105025- MS No 15051	3938
45979	7590	07/26/2005	EXAMINER	
PERKINS COLE LLP/MSFT P. O. BOX 1247 SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247			LIN, WEN TAI	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2154	

DATE MAILED: 07/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/704,068

Applicant(s)

BURIANEK ET AL.

Examiner

Wen-Tai Lin

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 May 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-18 are presented for examination.
2. The text of those sections of Title 35, USC code not included in this action can be found in the prior Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Retallick [U.S. Pat. No. 6006215].
4. Retallick was cited in the previous office action.
5. As to claims 1 and 4, Retallick teaches the invention substantially as claimed including: a method of making a delegation of a task comprising the steps of:
 - receiving at a server a signal from a first resource client [e.g., the user who creating a delegated task] to the server [30, Fig.3A; col.10, lines 28-35; i.e., the process including the activity manager (col.1, lines 7-14) and/or the task delegation module (col.6, lines 61-64) is a server] indicating that the task is being delegated to a second resource client [col.4, lines 53-55];

- sending a record of the task delegation from the server to a storage medium [col.4, lines 16-19; col.7, lines 43-51; i.e., all the activities/events are recorded in databases]; and
- sending the task delegation information from the server to the second resource client and to a project manager [col.1, lines 33-47, wherein officers (e.g., project managers) and employees (e.g., the first and second resource clients) are among the multiple users],

wherein the task delegation information is distinct from the record of the task delegation sent from the server to the storage medium [col.6 line 61 – col.7, line 10 and 23-28; Fig. 6B; note that dialog between the sender and the relevant recipients (e.g., the second resource clients and the project manager) for pre-acceptance is required before a task delegation can be made, and therefore the pre-acceptance dialog is different from the delegated (stored) task itself].

Retallick does not specifically teach that the server is separated from a project manager client and therefore it is not required to sending the task delegation information from the server to the second resource client and to a project manager client [see col.7, line 2-28; e.g., the task delegation module has the capability of analyzing a user's workload and availability for newly delegated data].

However, in a workflow environment upon which Retallick's system is based, it is well known that workers are situated in a management hierarchy wherein various levels of managers are in place for approving documents and/or delegation of rights. It would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further single out project manager clients in Retallick's system for monitoring the resource clients' availability and for approving or rejecting the delegation because by doing so it would make Retallick's system more directly imitating a real working environment [see col.1, lines 33-47, wherein the officers refers to various levels of managers in real working environment].

6. As to claims 2-3, Retallick further teaches that the second resource client may accept or reject the task delegation, depending the availability of the second resource client [col.6, line 61 – col.7, line 10], wherein the steps depicted in claim 3 are obvious because a separate project manager client would then need to inform the database subsystem of its decision so as to update the task assignment status.

7. As to claim 6, Retallick further teaches that a Contact record can be modified or added to as new information requires updates to older information [col.13, lines 39-46]. As such, the detailed steps depicted in this claim are obvious in view of a separate project manager client and server.

8. As to claim 7, Retallick further teaches that approval of the task delegation by the project manager client is automatic [col.4, line 53 – col.5, line 62].

9. As to claims 5 and 8, since the features of these claims can also be found in claims 1-4 and 6-7, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1-4 and 6-7 above.

10. As to claim 9, Retallick teaches that Topics and Subtopics are so similar, wherever Topics are mentioned herein, it is to be understood that the statement applies to Subtopics as well, unless otherwise stated [col.2, lines 29-40]. Accordingly, the steps depicted in claims 1-7 are applicable to claims 9-15 [it is noted that the second resource client of claims 15 is equivalent to the project manager client of claim 1].

11. As to claims 10-18, since the features of these claims can also be found in claims 1-9, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claims 1-9 above.

12. Applicant's arguments filed on 5/6/2005 for claims 1-18 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

13. Specifically Applicant argues in the remarks that Retallick's task delegate information from the server to the second resource client is the same as the record that is sent from the server to the storage medium because information comprises the same ToDo list.

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14. After carefully re-considering the prior art of record, the examiner found that Retallick's system requires pre-acceptance from a target recipient when delegating a task. In the process, the server (i.e., the delegation module) provides a means of exchanging commitment dialog [see col.6, line 61 – col.7, line 1-10 and 23-28]. Thus, it is clear that the dialog between the sender and recipient is different from the data being sent to the database. For at least the above reasons, it is submitted that the prior art of record still reads on the claims.

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Smiga et al. [US 6421678]; and Poole [US 20050102287], both describing the need to notify relevant parties as an event, which is triggered when an associated database record has been modified or updated.

Conclusion

Examiner note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant.

Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part

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of the claimed invention, as well as the contest of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wen-Tai Lin whose telephone number is (571)272-3969. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday(8:00-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (571)272-3964. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:


(703)872-9306 for official communications; and

(571)273-3969 for status inquiries draft communication.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Wen-Tai Lin

July 21, 2005


7/21/05